

## Our focus: Shipping in the Arctic



#### **Destination** shipping:

 From outside the Arctic to the Arctic or from the Arctic to outside the Arctic, i.e., ships going to the Arctic to load, unload, or perform an economic activity there

#### AND

#### **Transit** shipping:

 From outside the Arctic to outside the Arctic via the Arctic





https://www.marinetraffic.com/ (August 9, 2021, 13:34 CEST)

## Four plausible visions of Arctic shipping



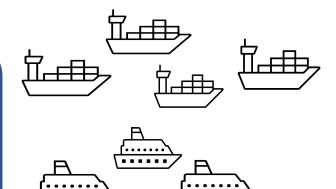
#### Volume of destination shipping





High volume of destination & low volume of transit shipping

High volume of destination & transit shipping



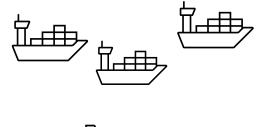
Volume of transit shipping





Low volume of destination & transit shipping

Low volume of destination & high volume of transit shipping



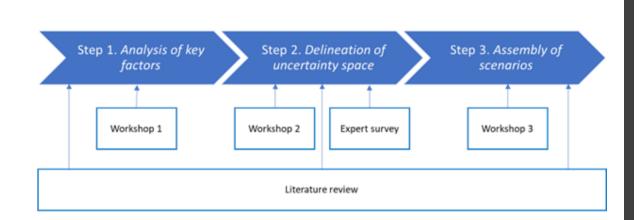


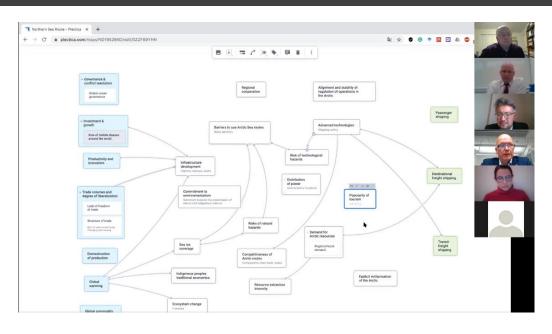


Foresight exercise

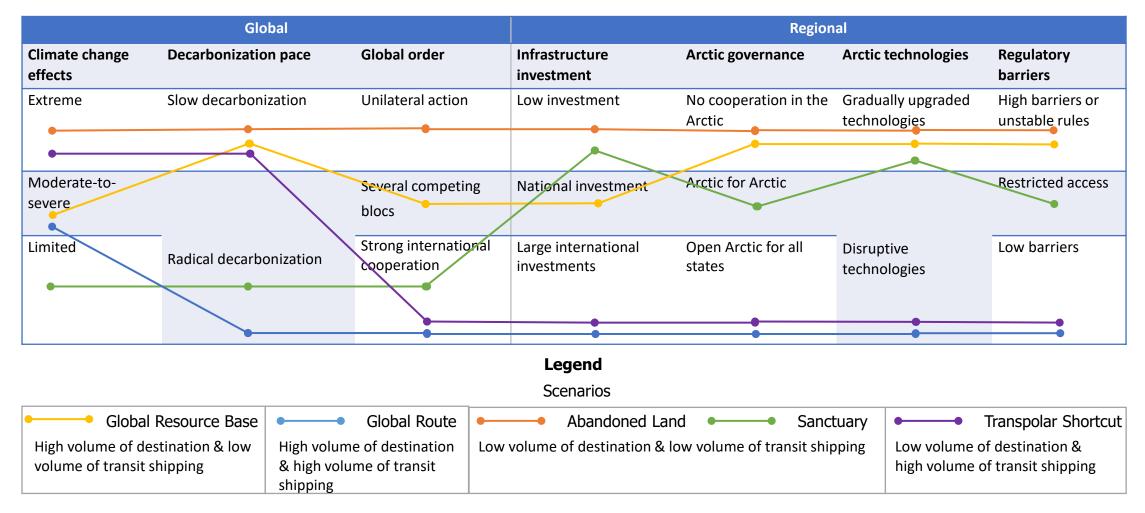








### Morphological matrix





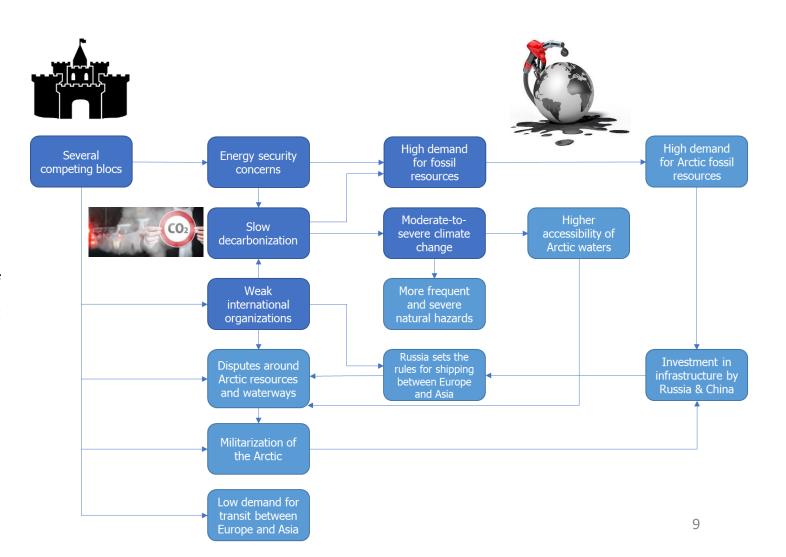
Scenarios



# High volume of destination & low volume of transit shipping

### Scenario "Global Resource Base"

The world is divided into several geopolitical and geoeconomic blocs. The global trade shifts from Asia-to-Europe to other regions. Technological progress and decarbonization are slow. The demand for Arctic fossil resources rises. Climate change brings about moderate-to-severe effects including more frequent and dangerous natural hazards such as drifting ice and icebergs, as well as stronger winds and higher waves. Marine infrastructure develops gradually and is often of purpose. Militarization of the Arctic dual increases, however, it does not lead to an armed conflict. Investment in large-scale landbased transport infrastructure proves infeasible due to climate risks and an unstable geopolitical landscape.

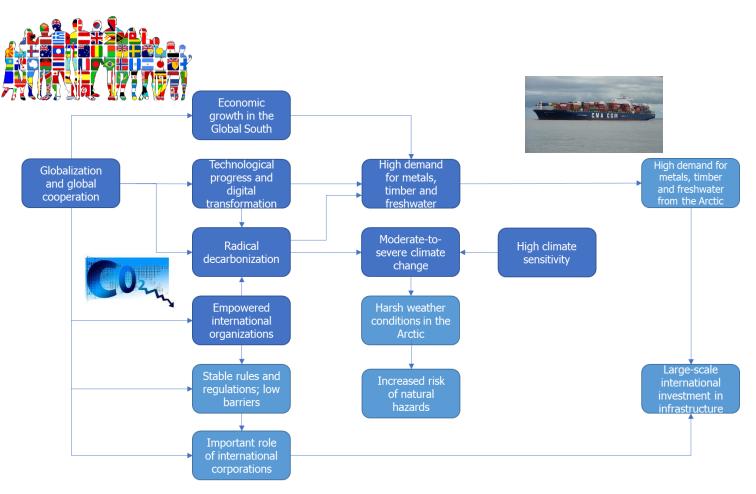




# High volume of destination & transit shipping

### Scenario "Global Transportation Route"

Global cooperation facilitates rapid technological International progress. organizations lead the collective action of countries to combat climate change. The Arctic acts as a key source of indispensable metals for the low-carbon economy. However, high climate sensitivity hampers reaching the Paris agreement goals. As a result, the warming of the Arctic continues. **Modern** infrastructure supported by large-scale international investment is deployed to support destination shipping which develops rapidly.

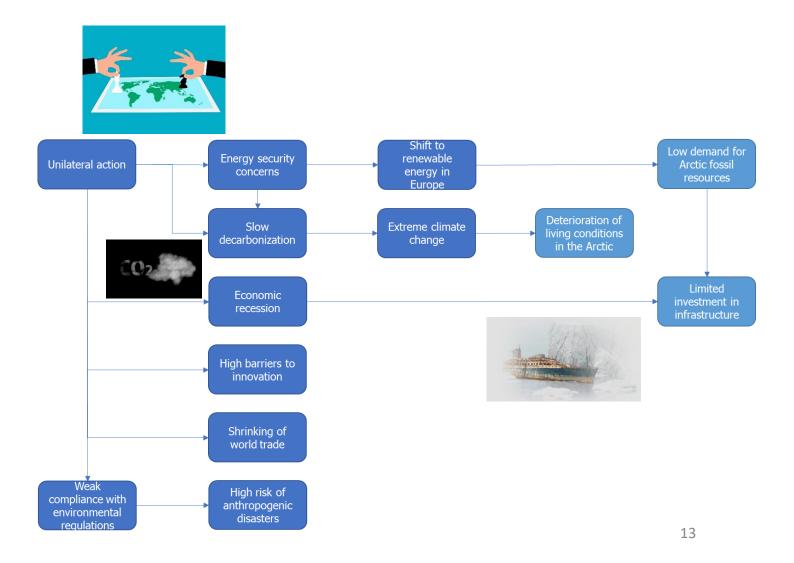




# Low volume of destination & transit shipping

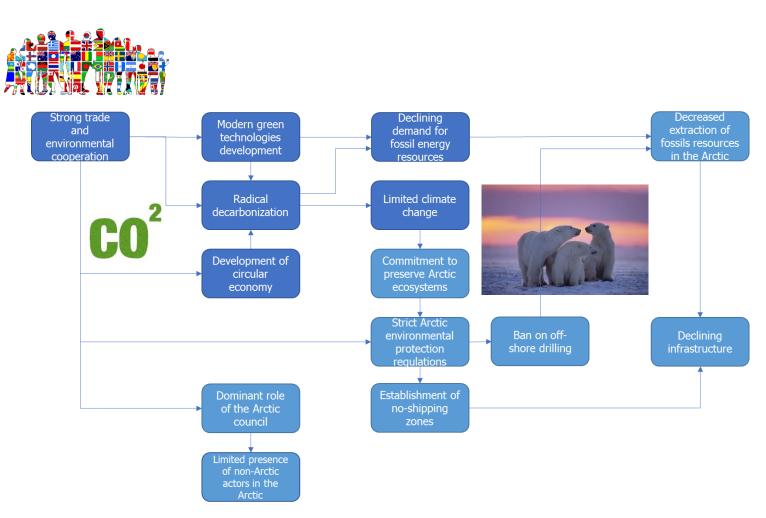
### Scenario "Abandoned Land"

Countries act on a unilateral basis. The global economic recession continues. Energy security concerns slow down decarbonization worldwide. Innovation is lacking. Extreme climate change effects manifest. Activities and investment in the Arctic are limited and focus on extracting fossils which are mostly used domestically.



### Scenario "Sanctuary"

Strong political and economic cooperation all countries develops. Growing among national and citizen aspirations for modern facilitate technologies rapid green decarbonization. The climate change effects in the Arctic are relatively limited. The Arctic Council plays a prominent role in the governance of the Arctic. The Arctic states ban economic activity of non-Arctic actors in the Arctic and stop any new fossil extraction projects to conserve the unique nature. The Arctic economies diversify. **Infrastructure** development is limited.

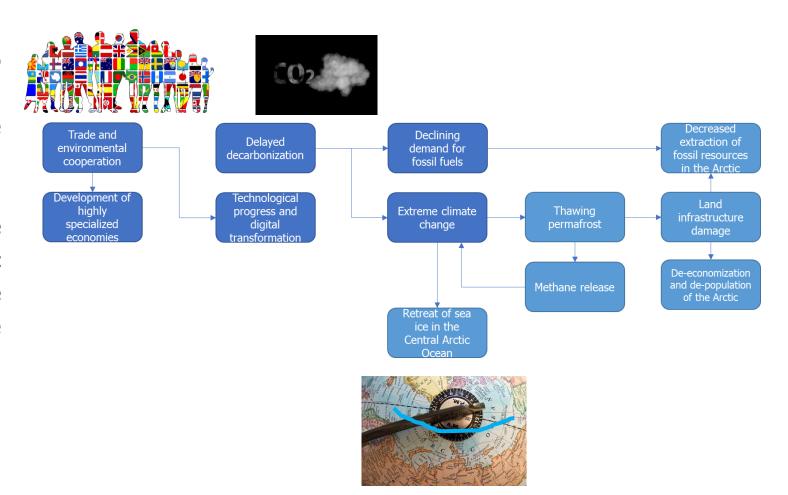




# Low volume of destination & high volume of transit shipping

### Scenario "Transpolar Shortcut"

Countries cooperate in the economic and technological spheres. The Earth continues to following get warmer suboptimal decarbonization paths undertaken by the international community. Melting permafrost destroys the existing **onshore infrastructure**. Mining in the impossible. Arctic becomes Economic activities decline. The population leaves the Arctic. Significant retreat of the sea ice in the Central Arctic Ocean is observed.





## **Survey Plausibility of Euro-Asian shipping scenarios**

https://questionpro.com/t/AVFTJZrruv





## Thank you!

